

AGS Feasibility Study

PLT Meeting 15 December 13, 2013

Agenda

- Introduction to the Meeting
- Public Comment
- Modeling
 - Follow–Up From September Meeting
 - Results In Context
- Summary of County Meeting Input
- Discussion of Implementation Next Steps
- AGS Study Finalization



Public Comment





- Market for Shuttle Diversion
 - Identify private carriers w/ I-70 service
 - Website with fixed schedule
 - Trips per day (one-way)
 - Capacity per day (based on vehicle capacity and # trips)
 - Assume 100% capacity
 - Trips per day x capacity per day/week x total weeks



Market for Shuttle Diversion

- Colorado Mountain Express (CME)
- Fresh Tracks Transportation
- Peak 1 Express
- Summit Express
- High Country Shuttle
- Front Range Ski Bus
- Denver Ski Bus
- Powderhound Transport* (data not available online)
- Mountain Shuttle* (data not available online)
- Estimate: ~ 323,000 today
 - Note: Does not include charter service or providers w/o online schedules



- Market for Shuttle Diversion
 - Overall bus/van/shuttle market in I-70 corridor: 465,000 to 665,000 annually in 2035
 - Intercity bus diversion: 34,000 to 50,000 (Greyhound only)
 - Bus/van/shuttle diversion: 30,000 to 60,000 additional (part of auto diversion)
 - Total of 64,000 to 110,000: 11% –14% shuttle diversion to AGS



- New Model Runs (\$0.2625 per mile fare)
 - HS Maglev:
 - Breckenridge to Golden MOS Standalone
 - ECRA to Golden Full Denver Metro & I–25 system
 - ECRA to DIA MOS Standalone
 - Keystone to Golden MOS Standalone
 - Breckenridge to DIA Full Denver Metro & I–25 system
 - Breckenridge to DIA MOS Standalone
 - MS Maglev:
 - Breckenridge to Golden MOS Standalone
 - Breckenridge to DIA Full Denver Metro & I–25 system
 - High Speed Rail:
 - Breckenridge to DIA Full Denver Metro & I–25 system



Scenario	Technology	Annual Ridership (million)	Annual Revenue (million)
Breckenridge to Golden MOS - Standalone	HS Maglev	1.54	\$20.85
ECRA to Golden – Full Denver Metro & I–25 system	HS Maglev	4.64	\$113.91
ECRA to DIA MOS – Standalone	HS Maglev	3.58	\$79.04
Keystone to Golden MOS – Standalone	HS Maglev	1.35	\$17.14
Breckenridge to DIA – Full Denver Metro & I–25 system	HS Maglev	2.91*	\$66.94*
Breckenridge to DIA MOS – Standalone	HS Maglev	1.78*	\$28.72*
Breckenridge to Golden MOS - Standalone	MS Maglev	1.26*	\$17.24*
Breckenridge to DIA – Full Denver Metro & I–25 system	MS Maglev	2.51*	\$56.78*
Breckenridge to DIA – Full Denver Metro & I–25 system	High Speed Rail	2.68*	\$58.28*

Modeling - Difference in Technology

Scenario	Technology	Annual Ridership (million)	Annual Revenue (million)				
Breckenridge to DIA – Full System	HS Maglev	2.91*	\$66.94*				
Breckenridge to DIA – Full System	HSR	2.68*	\$58.28*				
Breckenridge to DIA - Full System	MS Maglev	2.51*	\$56.78*				
Difference between HS Maglev and HSR		0.23	\$8.66				
Difference between HS Maglev and MS Maglev		0.41	\$10.16				
Difference between HSR and MS Maglev		0.17	\$1.50				



Modeling - Difference in Terminus

Scenario	Technology	Annual Ridership (million)	Annual Revenue (million)
Keystone to Golden - Standalone	HS Maglev	1.35*	\$17.14*
Breckenridge to Golden - Standalone	HS Maglev	1.54	\$20.85
Breckenridge to DIA - Standalone	HS Maglev	1.78*	\$28.72*
Extending terminus west from Keystone to Breckenridge		0.19	\$3.71
Extending terminus east from Golden to DIA		0.24	\$7.87



Modeling - Difference in Standalone and Full ICS

Scenario	Technology	Annual Ridership (million)	Annual Revenue (million)
Breckenridge to DIA - Standalone	HS Maglev	1.78*	\$28.72*
Breckenridge to DIA - Full ICS	HS Maglev	2.91*	\$66.94*
Difference between Standalone and Full ICS		1.13	\$38.22

AGS Corridor 2035 Maglev Ridership Results

AGS Scenario	ICS Scenario	Annual Ridership	Peak Weekend Day	Off-Peak Weekday
HS Maglev Hybrid Alignment ECRA to Golden	ICS HSR Via C-470/SW Txfr at Golden	6,200,000	42,100	12,700
HS Maglev Hybrid Alignment ECRA to DIA	ICS HSR Via I-70/I-76 Txfr at DIA	4,600,000	31,200	9,400
HS Maglev Hybrid Alignment Stand-Alone Via I-70/I-76	No ICS	3,600,000	24,500	7,400
HS Maglev Hybrid Alignment Breck to DIA Via I-70/I-76	Full ICS	2,900,000	19,700	6,000





- ▶ 12,410,000 vehicular trips through EJMT 2035 x 2.42 persons average annual vehicle occupancy
- ▶ 30,000,000 total person trips through EMJT 2035
- ► Total → Eligible = exclude truck and through trips
- > 24,000,000 eligible person trips through EJMT 2035

- 1,540,000 person trips by transit (low end MOS, standalone w/no ICS front range)
 - Breckenridge to Golden
 - 6.4% of eligible person trips divert auto to AGS
- 2,900,000 3,600,000 person trips by transit (low end full corridor w/ or w/o ICS on the front range if I-70/I-76)
 - ECRA to DIA
 - 12–15% of eligible person trips divert auto to AGS
- 6,200,000 person trips by transit (high end-full corridor, full ICS front range using B-2A/C-470 alignment)
 - 26% of eligible person trips divert from auto to AGS



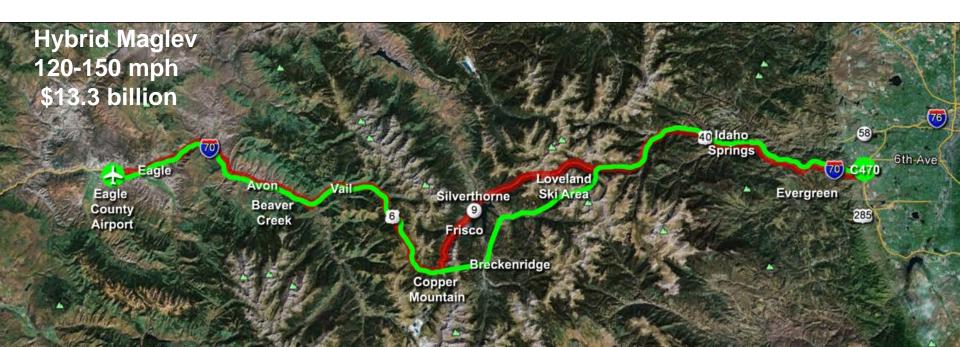
- What is reasonable?
 - No actual US experience to draw on
 - European and Asia are not directly relevant b/c serve different markets (populous urban areas)
 - Why doesn't AGS capture larger share?
 - "Correct value" is unknown since there is no US experience with AGS or HSR (no observed data to calibrate/validate constant)
 - European/Asian HSR experience is not directly relevant serve different markets
 - Advantage of bus/shuttle is in providing direct service; AGS would require transfers for last mile

- Mode Shares (SDG, 2004)
 - France's rail share of overall travel market: 9%
 - Spain's AVE: 38%
 - Great Britain (includes conventional rail): 6.4%
 - Germany's ICE (includes conventional rail): 8.4%

Round 3 County Meetings

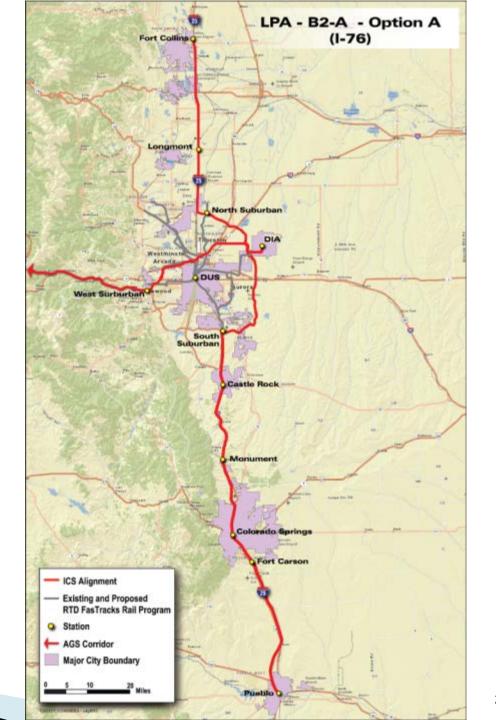
Meeting Purpose

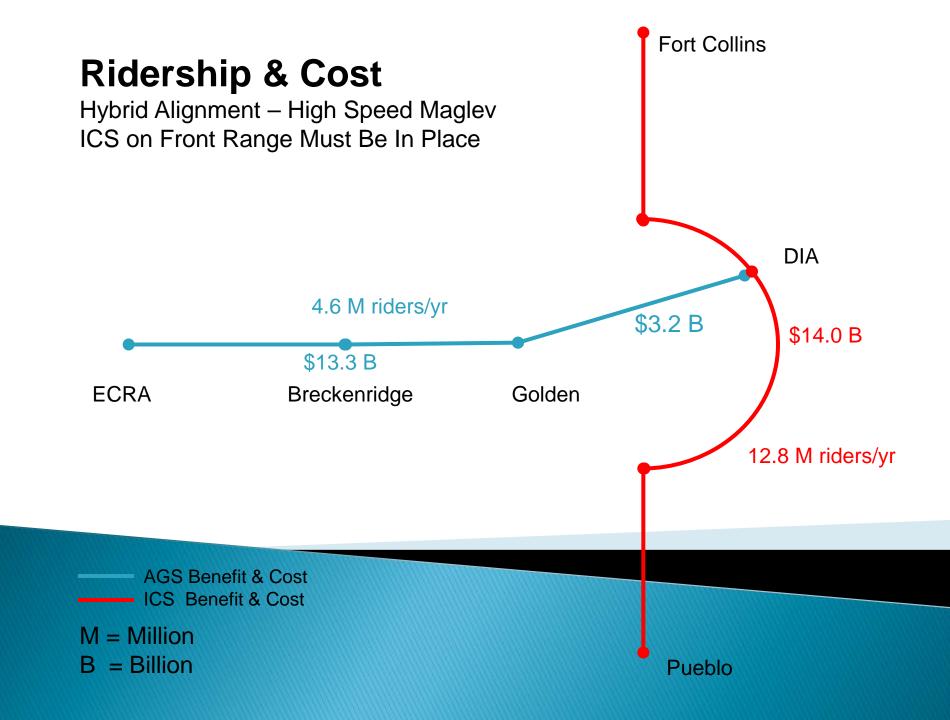
- Highlight overall study findings: technology, alignment, costs ridership estimates for staff/elected officials
- Refine future station locations based on County input to evaluation criteria and study findings.



ICS Vision

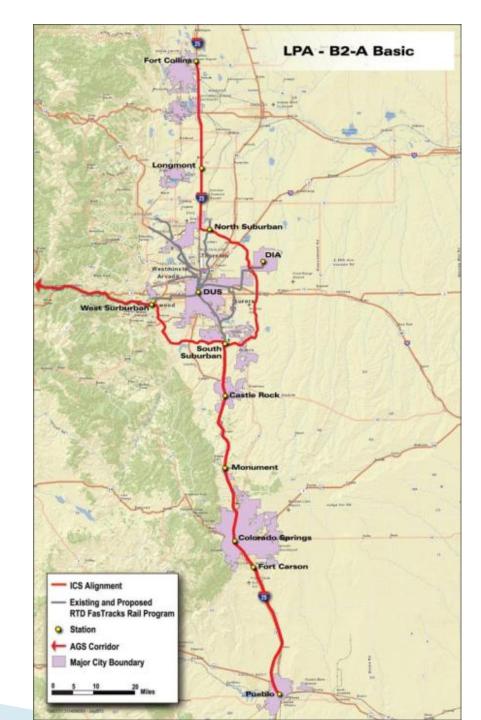
AGS from I-76 across Denver

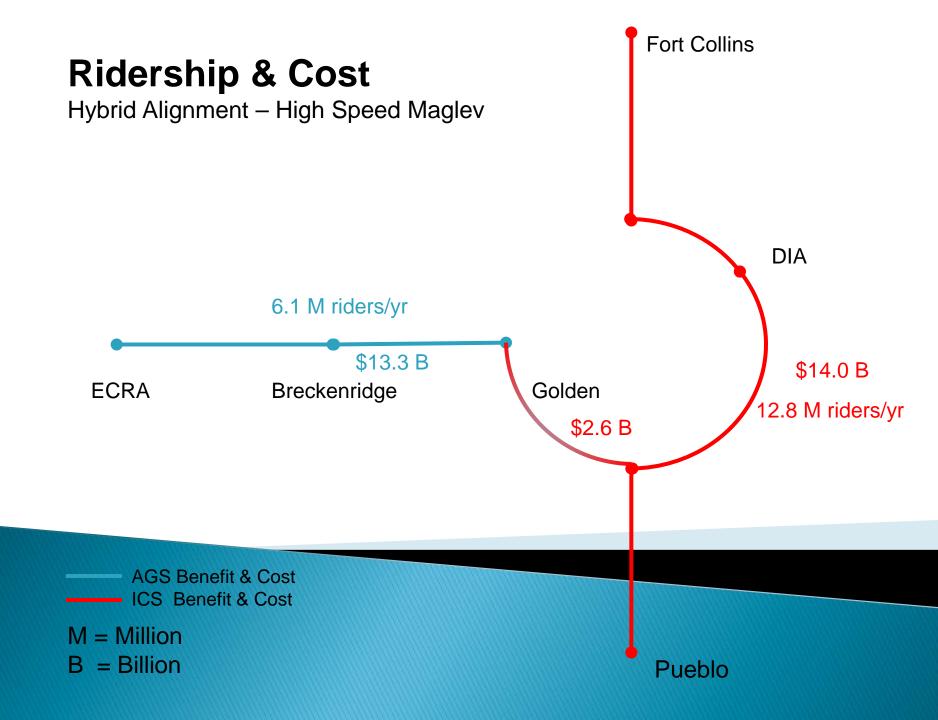




ICS Vision

AGS connection from south





Summit County

November 12th, 10:00 AM

- Ridership is driven by resort demand; Keystone, Breckenridge,
 Copper priority station locations
 - Generally accepted source of ridership
 - Need to divert traffic off I–70
- Silverthorne & Frisco: compatible with increased land use development densities, mix of uses including employment/light industrial and balanced access for residents/employees.
- Stronger ridership and population base locally? Future Summit County growth opportunities?

Eagle County November 12th, 2:30 PM

- Priority Stations: Vail and ECRA, Traer Creek in Avon
- Highly accepted locations; supportive of development opportunities/densities at Traer Creek & ECRA
- Desire to start line in Eagle County and work way east
- Consideration of costs of maintaining and widening highway? Expansion may ruin the very thing we are "selling"
- Looking forward to the opportunity to keep AGS moving forward.

Jefferson County November 13th, 3:00 PM

- Priority Station: I-70 & 6th Avenue
- Significant opportunity for supporting development; will require improvements to roadway access to the site
- Station must be located as close to W Line station as possible;
 convenient transfer critical regardless of technology chosen
- Cost is high, but what are the costs of the "do nothing" scenario? Or long-range highway costs?
- Would like to formalize discussions so that land use planning can move forward

Clear Creek County November 18th, 5:00 PM

- Priority Stations: Idaho Springs, Empire Junction, Georgetown
- Opportunities for development density and mix of uses stronger at Idaho Springs/Georgetown. Access to Gilpin County/gaming market strongest from Idaho Springs. Less out of direction transit connectivity from Idaho Springs location.
- Empire Junction provides best location for transfer center to Winter Park/Grand County.
- Highly supportive of AGS and future station opportunity.

Role of Development in Future Station Funding?

Station Location based on HYBRID MAGLEV ALIGNMENT	Potential Development Acreage	Developable Area (65%) (FAR 3)	Value (\$180/sf)
Jefferson County: I-70 & 6 th Avenue	50 acres	32.5 acres	\$764 million
Clear Creek County: Idaho Springs/Georgetown	10 acres	6.5 acres	\$153 million
Summit County: Keystone	8 acres	5.2 acres	\$122 million
Breckenridge	8 acres	5.2 acres	\$122 million
Copper Mountain	4 acres	2.6 acres	\$61 million
Eagle County: Vail	0 acres		
Avon Trader Creek	30 acres	19.5 acres	\$458 million
Eagle County Regional Airport	40 acres	26 acres	\$611 million
TOTAL	150 acres	97.5 acres	\$2.3 billion ₂

Updates to Land Use and Transportation Plans

- Does AGS change or shape the development patterns and character of the corridor?
 - Is significant growth in permanent resident population a part of that future politically?
 - Where is that growth accommodated and for which markets? Idaho Springs, Silverthorne, Eagle
 - Does the local transportation system grow or does congestion increase to drive transit ridership?
 - Do Plan Updates reflect any significant changes?

Business/Resort/Tourism Input

Positioning I–70 Corridor Communities

Business/Resort/Tourism Opinions &

Preferences



Source:

"Planning for Multi-Season Destination Communities" SE Group, APA Colorado Conference, October 2013.





Business/Resort/Tourism Input

Economic Imperatives

- Who is coming to the I-70 communities today?
- Who is missing? Who can be attracted tomorrow?
- What is the "brand" and who should be attracted?
- Diversification of the economy...year-round, non-resort opp'ys.

Cooperative Planning

- How to grow/expand from today to tomorrow?
- Changes to today's way of life are all about the long-term benefit.

Community Impacts

- Leverage existing assets...ice center...98% of hockey are locals,
 98% of "open skate" participants are tourists
- Owners of 2nd Homes → More full-time residents?
- Monitor trends and adapt to change



Economics Benefit Comparison Patty Silverstein and AGS B/C Analysis

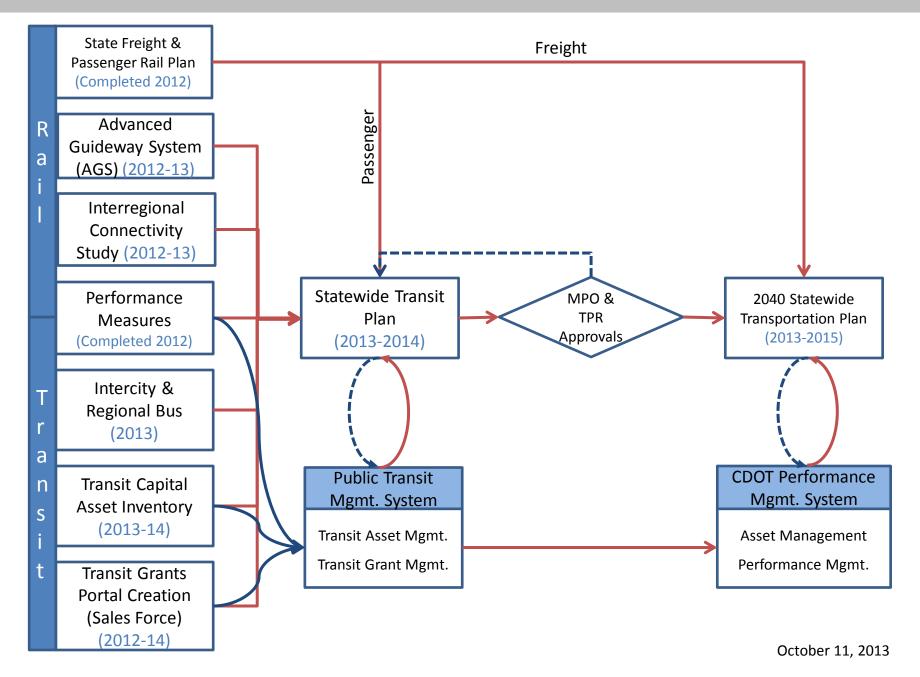
Sector Impacted	Key Assumptions	2007 Study Annual Est. Cost of Not Acting (Millions of 2005\$)	Key Measures for ECRA to DIA Maglev (\$16.5 B Cost)	2012-13 AGS Study Est. Annual Benefit (Millions of 2013\$)
Tourism	1% decrease in tourism spending in the Mountain Resort Region	\$25	Jobs created as a result of Operations and Construction (Non-basic / multiplier jobs)	\$159
Residents	Value of time lost to congestion based on impacted travelers in Metro Denver, Mountain Resort Region, and the Western Slope	\$85	Value of time lost to congestion to in-corridor in I-70 congestion = VMT Savings + VHT Savings + Fatalities Avoided + Pollution Benefits	\$87
Business	0.5% loss in productivity and business efficiency in Metro Denver, Mountain Resort Region, and the Western Slope	\$728	Increase in Real Estate Value, Farebox Revenue, Operations Jobs, Construction Jobs	\$403
Government	Loss of state, county, and city retail sales tax revenue associated with 1% decrease in tourism spending in the Mountain Resort Region	\$1	Federal Funding & Multiplier Effect of 50% Federal Funding	\$551 - \$827
		\$839		\$1,200 - \$1,476

Business/Resort/Tourism Input

- How much does competitiveness and growth depend on the transportation system?
- Is there a clear preference for AGS? What is the opportunity cost of AGS investment?
- ▶ Is there a business case to support funding 5-10% of AGS system costs through taxes/fees locally,
 - \$11-\$23 M/yr for 30 yrs for MOS of \$6.8 B
 - \$22-\$44 M/yr for 30 yrs for full corridor ECRA to Golden

AGS Study Finalization

Transit Studies Flowchart



Flowchart with Schedule

	2012 2013			2014			2015			2016				2017									
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
	AGS Study																						
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Final Push to the End

- Draft Report completed by late December/early January
- AGS PLT Meeting #16 on January 24, 2014
- Transportation Commission workshop/briefing in February 2014
- Transportation Commission acceptance in March 2014